The Status of Women in Giles County



STATUS OF WOMEN IN GILES COUNTY: AN OVERVIEW

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INDICATOR	DATA	COUNTY
		RANKING
		(of 95 Counties)
COMPOSITE EMPLOYMENT & EARNINGS INDEX	37.40	20
Women's Annual Earnings	\$22,221	22
Women's Earnings as a Percentage of Men's Earnings (Wage Gap)	71.2%	53
Women's Labor Force Participation Rate	43.2%	32
Female Unemployment Rate	4.6%	16
Women in Managerial or Professional Occupations	25.6%	64
COMPOSITE ECONOMIC AUTONOMY INDEX	40.50	30
Businesses that are Women-Owned (% of total)	28.2%	14
Women with a Four-Year College Degree (%)	12.4%	26
Women With a High School Diploma (%)	71.3%	36
Female High School Dropout Rate	9.4%	70
Women with any Kind of Health Insurance Coverage (%)	87.3%	81
Women Earning Incomes Below the Poverty Level (%)	12.6%	14
Single Female-Headed Households Living In Poverty (%)	8.0%	28
Adolescent Pregnancy Rate (Ages 10-19)	34.7	55

Report Overview: This publication on the Status of Women in Giles County is part of a statewide publication of the Tennessee Economic Council on Women, *The Status of Women in Tennessee Counties, 2004*. The Economic Council on Women is a State agency created under TCA § 4-50-100, et seq. by the One Hundredth General Assembly in 1998 to address the economic needs of Tennessee women.

The Status of Women in Tennessee Counties GILES

Women have taken remarkable strides towards economic equality, from education to earnings to political participation. Women are now pursuing goals such as business ownership, leadership roles in their careers, and election to state and federal political office. However, obstacles still exist in the climb toward equality. Nation-wide, equal numbers of men and women are obtaining four-year college degrees; however, these gains have not translated into pay equity. The average college-educated woman working full time earns \$44,200 a year compared to \$61,800 for men in the same category. Women are still under-represented in many of the highest paying, fastest growing sectors of the economy. Helping women break into these traditionally male-dominated areas like computer science, engineering, mathematics and technology, as well as all skilled-labor positions, gives women tools for self-sufficiency and understanding of their personal capabilities, and these advances are good for the economy of our counties and of our state.

Employment and Earnings

The employment and earnings index includes data on women's annual earnings, the earnings gender gap, female labor force participation, female unemployment, and percentages of women in professional or managerial occupations.

- ♦ Women in Giles County have median annual earnings of \$22,221, almost \$9,000 less than the median annual earnings of their male counterparts (\$31,209).
- ♦ In Giles County women account for 45.5% of the labor force, and only 43.2% of women participate in the labor force.
- \diamond The female unemployment rate is 4.6%, which is just higher than the overall county rate of 4.3%.
- Over 25 percent of working women in the county hold managerial or professional positions while 21.5% of all employed county residents work in such occupations.

Economic Autonomy

The economic autonomy index includes information on educational attainment, business ownership and general quality of life issues.

- ♦ A smaller percentage of women than men have high school diplomas in the county. 71.3% of women have high school degrees but 72.5% of all county residents have a high school diploma.
- ♦ The female high school dropout rate is 9.4%, compared to 7.3% in neighboring Maury County, 15.9% in Lawrence County, 4.4% in Marshall County, and 17.2% in Lincoln County.
- Over 12 percent of women in the county have a four-year college degree, but only 10.6% of all persons in the county have at least a bachelor's degree.
- Though 28.2% of businesses in the county are owned by women, those same businesses account for only 4.3% of the total sales and receipts from private firms in the county.
- ♦ Over 12 percent of women in Giles County have no form of health insurance coverage and 12.6% of women earn below poverty-level incomes.
- ♦ Though 9.0% of families in the county are in poverty, 24.4% of families with female-householders and no husband present are living in poverty in Giles County.

The Status of Women in Tennessee Counties GILES

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		Giles County	Rank of Giles County	Highest Ranking County
Earnings	Median Annual Earnings for FT Females	\$22,221	22	Williamson: \$32,243
	Wage Gap	71.2%	53	Davidson: 82.1%
			T	
Employment	Female Labor Force Participation Rate	43.2%	32	Rutherford: 50.9%
	Female Unemployment Rate	4.6%	16	Pickett: 1.5%
	Percent of Employed Fe- males in Management, Prof., and Related Occupations	25.6%	64	Anderson: 44.6%
	Women Owned Business % of Total	28.2%	14	Moore: 63.3%
Education	% of Females with 4 Year Degree or Better	12.4%	26	Williamson: 39.5%
	% of Females with High School Diploma (or equiva- lency)	71.3%	36	Williamson: 90.6%
	Female Dropout Rate	9.4%	70	Clay/Pickett: 0.0%
Lifestyles	% of Women with any kind of Health Insurance Coverage	87.3%	81	Williamson: 100%
	% of Women Living Below Poverty Level Incomes	12.6%	14	Williamson: 5.4%
	% of all Female Headed Households with Children in Poverty	8.0%	28	Williamson: 2.5%
	Rate of Pregnancy of Girls Aged 10-19 per 1000	34.7	55	Williamson: 1.2%

ABOUT THE COUNCIL AND THIS REPORT

Giles Count

The Status of Women in Tennessee Counties report offers an economic profile of women in each county of Tennessee and examines how women's rights and equality vary among the counties. The report presents data and overall rankings in two categories of women's economic status: employment and earnings and economic autonomy. Indicators of women's status in each category make up the composite rankings of the counties.

The employment and earnings section presents data on women's annual earnings, the earnings gender gap, female labor force participation rate, the female unemployment rate, and the percentage of women in managerial occupations.

The economic autonomy section includes information on the percentage of businesses owned by women, educational attainment levels, percentage of households headed by a single female, single female headed households living in poverty, percentage of women with health insurance, the high school dropout rate and the teen pregnancy rate.

The **Tennessee Economic Council on Women** was created in 1998 by the Tennessee General Assembly to assess Tennessee women's economic status. The Council develops and advocates solutions to address women's needs in order to help women achieve economic autonomy. In setting its priorities, the Council selects issues that are timely and likely to result in positive changes for women.

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Visit the Tennessee Economic Council on Women at www.tennesseewomen.org

Sources				
Earnings and Employment				
Median Annual Earnings for Full Time Employed Females	U.S Census Bureau, 2000			
Wage Gap (Female Earnings as a Percentage of Earnings)	U.S Census Bureau, 2000			
Female Labor Force Participation Rate	U.S Census Bureau, 2000			
Female Unemployment Rate	U.S Census Bureau, 2000			
Percent of Employed Females in Management, Professional, and Related Occupations	U.S Census Bureau, 2000			
Economic Autonomy				
Women-owned Business, Percent of total	Economic Census, 1997			
Percent of Females w/4yr Degree or Better	U.S Census Bureau, 2000			
Percent of Females with a High School Diploma (or equivalency)	U.S Census Bureau, 2000			
Female Dropout Rate	U.S Census Bureau, 2000			
Percent of Women with Any Kind of Health Insurance Coverage	Tennessee Department of Health, 2002			
Percent of Women Living Below Poverty Level Incomes	U.S Census Bureau, 2000			
Percent of all Female Headed Households with Children in Poverty	U.S Census Bureau, 2000			
Rate of Pregnancy of Girls Aged 10-19 per 1000	Tennessee Department of Health, 2002			
Voter Demographics and Elected County Officials	National Association of Counties			